

ACLU questionnaire reply

Carrie Wilbur <carriewilburforlegislature@gmail.com> To: wapeoplepower@gmail.com

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<u>People Power Washington – Police Accountability</u> strives to bring just and equitable public safety to our local communities through relationship building, education and policy reform. We champion policies that divest from police and reinvest in community-based solutions and alternate crisis response, decriminalize non-serious offenses, and implement accountability and enforceable standards for police officers and agencies. Our vision is for public safety in Washington to be community-driven and to meet the needs of all people equitably.

Our group's work advocating for police accountability in our local communities has made us well aware of the important role our local government and elected officials play in driving policy around this issue. Appreciating the impact the Washington State Legislature has on our day-to-day lives, our hope is to empower voters with a non-partisan resource to understand how to vote their values through a lens of police reform and re-imagining of public safety.

Candidate Information

Candidate Name	Carrie Wilbur	
Position Sought	State Representative, Position 2, 31st District	
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Part I – Yes/No Questions

Yes	X
No	
Additional Comments	

Do you support prohibiting traffic stops by armed law enforcement officers for low-level, non-moving violations such as vehicle registration violations and equipment failure?

- Traffic stops are one of the most common ways members of the general public interact with police. For decades, there have been significant racial disparities in traffic stops, particularly for low-level violations, unjustified by the crime-fighting value. This undermines community trust, fairness, and wastes law enforcement resources.
- While there's a perception that traffic stops are dangerous for police, the reality is that they are far more dangerous for those being stopped, especially if they are people of color.
- As a result, Seattle and other jurisdictions, including Los Angeles, Philadelphia, and the State of Virginia, have restricted or banned traffic stops for low-level traffic violations.

1. Do you support establishing an Independent Prosecutor for cases of criminal conduct arising from police killings?

Yes	х
No	
Additional Comments	

- Police investigating themselves present an inherent conflict of interest. County Prosecutors work closely with law enforcement and rely on law enforcement for gathering evidence, interviewing witnesses, and providing defense to law enforcement.
- Prosecutors, exercising prosecutorial discretion, often fail to file criminal charges even when unarmed citizens are killed at the hands of law enforcement.

1. Do you support a state law that would remove obstacles, like qualified immunity, when suing police officers for violating a person's civil rights?

Yes	X
No	
Additional Comments	

- Today when someone's constitutional rights have been violated or they are seriously injured or killed by the police, victims or victims' families can only sue police or the department under federal law 42 USC 1983.
- This federal law includes the legal principle of qualified immunity, which protects government officials performing discretionary immunity from civil
 suits unless the plaintiff shows that the official violated "clearly established statutory or constitutional rights of which a reasonable person would have
 known."
- In essence, there are little to no consequences for when law enforcement commits the above actions.
- State legislation could give individuals a legal remedy under state law that does not currently exist.

1. Do you support a state law that would authorize the Attorney General's (AG's) Civil Rights Division to investigate a law enforcement department where there are patterns of misconduct?

Yes	х
No	
Additional Comments	

- Today, in order to hold a law enforcement department accountable for patterns and practices of misconduct such as discriminatory policing, the US Department of Justice is the only entity that can investigate the department and bring a lawsuit or consent decree to effect change.
- State legislation could authorize the AG's Civil Rights Division to investigate systemic practices that deprive individuals of rights protected by the Washington Constitution, to address the most harmful practices in a department and ensure a minimum quality of policing across Washington.

1. Do you support strengthening law enforcement accountability by establishing statewide protocols for complaints, investigations, discipline, and disciplinary appeals for serious misconduct?

Yes	х
No	
Additional Comments	

- Holding officers accountable through termination or suspension for serious misconduct at the department-level is important for maintaining public trust and confidence in law enforcement.
- Currently, procedures for administrative accountability are determined separately for each police department or sheriff's office across the state resulting in inconsistencies and lack of public trust.

1. Do you support ending long term solitary confinement?

Yes	x	
No		
Additional Comments	There are better ways to handle the situations which solitary confinement is currently used to address. We can be creative in both bolstering rights of individuals and in setting standards for behaviors without adding trauma.	

- The UN Mandela Rules define long term solitary confinement as torture.
- Human beings have a basic biological need to establish and maintain contact with others. The deprivation of human contact causes severe
 psychological consequences including depression, anxiety, paranoia, PTSD, psychosis, self-harm and even suicide, which interfere with rehabilitation
 of incarcerated people.
- The use of solitary confinement does not reduce violence or staff assaults in prisons.

Part II – Free Response Questions

What is your idea of public safety? What are tangible ways to measure progress toward this goal?

One metric for a well-functioning society is how safe people perceive themselves to be. Tangible measurements include crime rates relative to population, resolved vs unresolved complaints involving justice and safety systems, and what adverse experiences individuals find to be prohibitive of full movement and enjoyment within their communities.

What would you do, as a state legislator, to further your idea of public safety?

Should I be elected, I am open to collaborating with colleagues to draft legislation supporting more robust police training, community safety classes (knowledge of law, self-defense, how to advocate), and addressing underlying causes of upheaval from all perspectives within public safety systems.

Are there police reform/accountability measures that are not addressed here that you think would be productive to pursue?

Patrick Skinner does great work in training officers from a community integration perspective. His admonition during training and in his own detective work is that everyone in these interactions matters or none of us do. We are all neighbors of each other, some struggling more than others, but all deserving of baseline dignity and respect. This ethos should permeate every layer of policy, policing, and investigative work, explicitly. Much work to do, but there is room to build this, and I believe a desire for transparency and respect in public safety work exists and will persist.

I affirm that all the information provided in response to this questionnaire is true, complete, and correct to the best of my ability, and that no relevant matter has been omitted.

Signature	Carrie Wilbur	0/8/2022	
Printed Name	Carrie Wilbur	9/8/2022	