ACLU People Power Washington 2022 Policing and Public Safety Candidate Questionnaire – State Legislature



<u>People Power Washington – Police Accountability</u> strives to bring just and equitable public safety to our local communities through relationship building, education and policy reform. We champion policies that divest from police and reinvest in community-based solutions and alternate crisis response, decriminalize non-serious offenses, and implement accountability and enforceable standards for police officers and agencies. Our vision is for public safety in Washington to be community-driven and to meet the needs of all people equitably.

Our group's work advocating for police accountability in our local communities has made us well aware of the important role our local government and elected officials play in driving policy around this issue. Appreciating the impact the Washington State Legislature has on our day-to-day lives, our hope is to empower voters with a non-partisan resource to understand how to vote their values through a lens of police reform and re-imagining of public safety.

Candidate Information

Candidate Name	Claire Wilson	
Position Sought	State Senator - 30th LD	
Campaign Contact Information	Website: claireforsenate.com	
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Part I – Yes/No Questions

1. Do you support prohibiting traffic stops by armed law enforcement officers for low-level, non-moving violations such as vehicle registration violations and equipment failure?

Yes	x
No	
Additional Comments	

- Traffic stops are one of the most common ways members of the general public interact with police. For
 decades, there have been significant racial disparities in traffic stops, particularly for low-level violations,
 unjustified by the crime-fighting value. This undermines community trust, fairness, and wastes law
 enforcement resources.
- While there's a perception that traffic stops are dangerous for police, the reality is that they are far more dangerous for those being stopped, especially if they are people of color.
- As a result, Seattle and other jurisdictions, including Los Angeles, Philadelphia, and the State of Virginia, have restricted or banned traffic stops for low-level traffic violations.

2. Do you support establishing an Independent Prosecutor for cases of criminal conduct arising from police killings?

Yes	x
No	
Additional Comments	

- Police investigating themselves present an inherent conflict of interest. County Prosecutors work closely
 with law enforcement and rely on law enforcement for gathering evidence, interviewing witnesses, and
 providing defense to law enforcement.
- Prosecutors, exercising prosecutorial discretion, often fail to file criminal charges even when unarmed citizens are killed at the hands of law enforcement.

3. Do you support a state law that would remove obstacles, like qualified immunity, when suing police officers for violating a person's civil rights?

Yes	x
No	
Additional Comments	

- Today when someone's constitutional rights have been violated or they are seriously injured or killed by the police, victims or victims' families can only sue police or the department under federal law 42 USC 1983.
- This federal law includes the legal principle of qualified immunity, which protects government officials
 performing discretionary immunity from civil suits unless the plaintiff shows that the official violated
 "clearly established statutory or constitutional rights of which a reasonable person would have known."
- In essence, there are little to no consequences for when law enforcement commits the above actions.
- State legislation could give individuals a legal remedy under state law that does not currently exist.
- 4. Do you support a state law that would authorize the Attorney General's (AG's) Civil Rights Division to investigate a law enforcement department where there are patterns of misconduct?

Yes	x
No	
Additional Comments	

- Today, in order to hold a law enforcement department accountable for patterns and practices of
 misconduct such as discriminatory policing, the US Department of Justice is the only entity that can
 investigate the department and bring a lawsuit or consent decree to effect change.
- State legislation could authorize the AG's Civil Rights Division to investigate systemic practices that deprive individuals of rights protected by the Washington Constitution, to address the most harmful practices in a department and ensure a minimum quality of policing across Washington.

5. Do you support strengthening law enforcement accountability by establishing statewide protocols for complaints, investigations, discipline, and disciplinary appeals for serious misconduct?

Yes	x	
No		
Additional Comments	Establishing a clear and universal framework for complaints, investigations, discipline, and disciplinary appeals helps all parties. It helps those who interact with law enforcement have a clear path to follow should they encounter misconduct. It also helps officers know exactly the standard to which they will be held.	

- Holding officers accountable through termination or suspension for serious misconduct at the department-level is important for maintaining public trust and confidence in law enforcement.
- Currently, procedures for administrative accountability are determined separately for each police department or sheriff's office across the state resulting in inconsistencies and lack of public trust.

6. Do you support ending long term solitary confinement?

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Yes	x		
No			
Additional Comments	In my time in the Senate, I have fought to end solitary confinement for both juveniles and adults who are incarcerated, and I will continue to fight to end this harmful practice once and for all.		

- The UN Mandela Rules define long term solitary confinement as torture.
- Human beings have a basic biological need to establish and maintain contact with others. The deprivation of human contact causes severe psychological consequences including depression, anxiety, paranoia, PTSD, psychosis, self-harm and even suicide, which interfere with rehabilitation of incarcerated people.
- The use of solitary confinement does not reduce violence or staff assaults in prisons.

Part II – Free Response Questions

What is your idea of public safety? What are tangible ways to measure progress
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I believe that public safety should be viewed through the lens of public health. Safe communities, meaning those free from violence, are healthy communities and must be built as such. This reinterpretation of our approach to public safety means invigorating our investments in programs and resources that prevent crime at the source and resources for diversion and recovery. Tangible steps include increasing funding for resources designed to support mental and behavioral health as well as those experiencing substance abuse disorder. Additionally, a crucial component of this approach is to resources those organizations that are already on the ground, doing the work.

What would you do, as a state legislator, to further your idea of public safety?

In 2020, I passed a bill that restricts firearms from being carried in child-care facilities or on transportation provided by child-care facilities. In 2021, I passed another bill which expanded the reentry resources available to people being released from state and local institutions to support successful reintegration and community building. I look forward to engaging in similar work furthering public safety by providing wrap-around services for people who interact with our criminal justice system and promoting common-sense gun control.

Are there police reform/accountability measures that are not addressed here that you think would be productive to pursue?

Holding law enforcement officers accountable for their actions is indisputably crucial to building safe and healthy communities. With this being said, I also believe we need to rethink how law enforcement interacts with the public to build equity and trust from the ground up. As such, another police reform measure which I think would be productive to pursue is auditing and revising police training to prioritize deescalation, conflict resolution, and acknowledgement of implicit bias.

At the same time, we should be funding and training other first responders so that they can deal with a broader range of situations in order to decrease the volume of calls directed to police.	

I affirm that all the information provided in response to this questionnaire is true, complete, and correct to the best of my ability, and that no relevant matter has been omitted.

Signature	Claire Wilson	Date: 6/18/2022
Printed Name	Claire Wilson	Date: 0/10/2022