

ACLU People Power Washington

2022 Policing and Public Safety Candidate Questionnaire – State Legislature



[People Power Washington – Police Accountability](#) strives to bring just and equitable public safety to our local communities through relationship building, education and policy reform. We champion policies that divest from police and reinvest in community-based solutions and alternate crisis response, decriminalize non-serious offenses, and implement accountability and enforceable standards for police officers and agencies. Our vision is for public safety in Washington to be community-driven and to meet the needs of all people equitably.

Our group's work advocating for police accountability in our local communities has made us well aware of the important role our local government and elected officials play in driving policy around this issue. Appreciating the impact the Washington State Legislature has on our day-to-day lives, our hope is to empower voters with a non-partisan resource to understand how to vote their values through a lens of police reform and re-imagining of public safety.

Candidate Information

Candidate Name	Jessica Bateman
Position Sought	Representative, District 22, Pos. 2
Campaign Contact Information	Website: votejessicabateman.com Email: info@votejessicabateman.com

Part I – Yes/No Questions

1. Do you support prohibiting traffic stops by armed law enforcement officers for low-level, non-moving violations such as vehicle registration violations and equipment failure?

Yes	X
No	
Additional Comments	

- Traffic stops are one of the most common ways members of the general public interact with police. For decades, there have been significant racial disparities in traffic stops, particularly for low-level violations, unjustified by the crime-fighting value. This undermines community trust, fairness, and wastes law enforcement resources.
- While there’s a perception that traffic stops are dangerous for police, the reality is that they are far more dangerous for those being stopped, especially if they are people of color.
- As a result, Seattle and other jurisdictions, including Los Angeles, Philadelphia, and the State of Virginia, have restricted or banned traffic stops for low-level traffic violations.

2. Do you support establishing an Independent Prosecutor for cases of criminal conduct arising from police killings?

Yes	X
No	
Additional Comments	

- Police investigating themselves present an inherent conflict of interest. County Prosecutors work closely with law enforcement and rely on law enforcement for gathering evidence, interviewing witnesses, and providing defense to law enforcement.
- Prosecutors, exercising prosecutorial discretion, often fail to file criminal charges even when unarmed citizens are killed at the hands of law enforcement.

3. Do you support a state law that would remove obstacles, like qualified immunity, when suing police officers for violating a person’s civil rights?

Yes	X
No	
Additional Comments	

- Today when someone’s constitutional rights have been violated or they are seriously injured or killed by the police, victims or victims’ families can only sue police or the department under federal law 42 USC 1983.
- This federal law includes the legal principle of qualified immunity, which protects government officials performing discretionary immunity from civil suits unless the plaintiff shows that the official violated "clearly established statutory or constitutional rights of which a reasonable person would have known."
- In essence, there are little to no consequences for when law enforcement commits the above actions.
- State legislation could give individuals a legal remedy under state law that does not currently exist.

4. Do you support a state law that would authorize the Attorney General’s (AG’s) Civil Rights Division to investigate a law enforcement department where there are patterns of misconduct?

Yes	X
No	
Additional Comments	

- Today, in order to hold a law enforcement department accountable for patterns and practices of misconduct such as discriminatory policing, the US Department of Justice is the only entity that can investigate the department and bring a lawsuit or consent decree to effect change.
- State legislation could authorize the AG’s Civil Rights Division to investigate systemic practices that deprive individuals of rights protected by the Washington Constitution, to address the most harmful practices in a department and ensure a minimum quality of policing across Washington.

5. Do you support strengthening law enforcement accountability by establishing statewide protocols for complaints, investigations, discipline, and disciplinary appeals for serious misconduct?

Yes	X
No	
Additional Comments	

- Holding officers accountable through termination or suspension for serious misconduct at the department-level is important for maintaining public trust and confidence in law enforcement.
- Currently, procedures for administrative accountability are determined separately for each police department or sheriff's office across the state resulting in inconsistencies and lack of public trust.

6. Do you support ending long term solitary confinement?

Yes	X
No	
Additional Comments	

- The UN Mandela Rules define long term solitary confinement as torture.
- Human beings have a basic biological need to establish and maintain contact with others. The deprivation of human contact causes severe psychological consequences including depression, anxiety, paranoia, PTSD, psychosis, self-harm and even suicide, which interfere with rehabilitation of incarcerated people.
- The use of solitary confinement does not reduce violence or staff assaults in prisons.

Part II – Free Response Questions

What is your idea of public safety? What are tangible ways to measure progress toward this goal?

I believe public safety is a term that has been used to achieve political goals and to instill fear. Obviously, we have law enforcement who ensure laws are being abided. As we have weakened our social safety net and continued to perpetuate policies that segregate and disenfranchise people, law enforcement has taken on a larger share of calls that are not enforcing of laws. First, we must ensure that law enforcement is accountable to build trust and ensure that officers are abiding by the same laws that they are responsible for enforcing. Having a database for police use of force, being able to decertify a bad officer, having an outside agency investigate police use of deadly force, defining force, etc. will help us reform our law enforcement system.

To reduce crime and interactions with law enforcement, we must build communities that can thrive where people have opportunity, security, justice, and resiliency. We need to provide affordable healthcare, living wage jobs, affordable housing and a justice system that is fair.

Applying these values to the larger principles of justice-- acknowledging and tackling the structural barriers to opportunity experienced by Black, Indigenous and Communities of Color (BIPOC) and LGBTQ residents, and residents of America is core to my priorities as a public servant and will inform my work as your legislator.

From our justice system that is inherently unjust, to the war on drugs, to structures that have been set up with the intent to discriminate, to exclusionary zoning restricting access to neighborhoods, opportunity and homeownership, to the racial wealth gap, to the inequities within our healthcare system, to Covid-19 related infections and mortality, and the maternal mortality rate of black mothers.

What would you do, as a state legislator, to further your idea of public safety?

We must not only reform these systems, we must rebuild them with equity and racial justice.

We must continue shaping policies that not only address the need for equity and racial justice -- in our tax code, in how we fund schools, housing policy, our law enforcement and criminal legal systems, in climate mitigation and delivery of health care to name a few-- but also make sure we are doing so with a commitment to racial, social, and environmental justice, recognizing that the front line communities most impacted by threats ranging from corona virus to climate change, are those that have been historically marginalized or discriminated against.

I am committed to continue learning-- and acting -- to build a future of opportunity, security and justice for all Washingtonians.

Are there police reform/accountability measures that are not addressed here that you think would be productive to pursue?

Not at this time.

I affirm that all the information provided in response to this questionnaire is true, complete, and correct to the best of my ability, and that no relevant matter has been omitted.

Signature		Date: 7/5/22
Printed Name	Jessica Bateman	